



ANGLAIS

Eid-Al_Fitr or Korité-

Eid-al-Fitr (or Eid as it is better known) is celebrated by Muslims around the world to mark the end of Ramadan, the Islamic Holy month of fasting. The occasion is one of two that Muslims celebrate, with Eid al-Adha (festival of the sacrifice) later in the year. It is a joyous and highly anticipated holiday that follows four weeks of fasting between dawn and sunset. Eid-Al Fitr means « the festival of breaking the fast » in Arabic.

Eid comes after Ramadan, the holy month of fasting and is meant to be a time of festivities and fine eating. Early morning congregational Eid prayers are held in mosques, community centers and outdoor spaces. It's one of the busiest times of the year for Muslims: in many parts of the Middle East, mosques quickly fill up. It's not unusual for streets and parks to be lined with prayer mats and speakers placed outside to cater for the overflow of people. Wherever they are, Muslims will listen to the « Khutba » (sermon) and greet others with « Eid Mubarak » which means « Have a blessed Eid » in Arabic.

Differences can be found in the way every country and every family celebrates Eid, but there are some key festivities that are common between many. Palestinians perform the morning Eid-El Fitr prayer near the Dome of Rock, Al-Aqsa Mosque compound, Jerusalem.

Eid is meant to be a time of celebration and spending quality time with family and friends. Typically, Muslims will wear new clothes, either traditional dress or the best that **they** own because it is a special occasion. Homes are decorated elaborately and intricately in order to welcome the occasion. People visit each other and spend time with family and friends throughout the day, often exchanging gifts.

[Httts://www.middleeasteye.net/when-is-eid-2019-muslim-festival-end-ramadan](https://www.middleeasteye.net/when-is-eid-2019-muslim-festival-end-ramadan)

I COMPREHENSION

(8 marks)

A. Match the ideas with the corresponding paragraphs in the text. (1.5 marks)

IDEAS	PARAGRAPH NUMBERS
1. Differences and similarities in celebrating Eid-El-fitr.	Parag. No _____
2. Eid Celebrations : developing social and family relationships	Parag.No _____
3. Eid Prayers: A general mobilization.	Parag. No _____

B. Choose the right answer a, b, c

(2 marks)

4. **It is a highly-anticipated holiday means:**

- a. People impatiently wait for it. b. People patiently wait for it. c. People unhappily wait for it.

5. **Fine eating means:**

- a. eating too much. b. eating good and delicious food . c. eating little food.

6. **It (in Paragraph 1) refers to:**

- a. Eid Al Adha b. the year c. Eid El Fitr

7. **they (in Paragraph 4) refers to:**

- a. friends b. clothes c. Muslims

C. Complete this passage with words in the list below .

(1.5 marks)

fasting	community	drinking	Ramadan
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Eid-El Fitr is Arabic for « festival of the breaking of the fast ». The festival marks the end of the Muslim 8 _____ month of Ramadan. Muslims stop eating and 9 _____ from dawn to sunset during 10 _____.

Epreuve du 1^{er} groupe

D. Circle True or False and justify your answers from the text. (3 marks)

11. Muslims celebrate three festivals in the year.

T/ F _____

12. All Muslims pray in their houses during Eid Early morning.

T/ F _____

13. Festivities are completely different from one country to another.

T/ F _____

II. LINGUISTIC AND COMMUNICATIVE COMPETENCE (6 marks)

E. Complete with the right connector from the box. (2 marks)

Although and because despite as a result

The moon was sighted last night, 14- _____ Eid-al Fitr is celebrated today. Children are very happy 15- _____ they will wear new clothes and will enjoy festive meals. 16- _____ it is hot, Muslims will go out to attend the prayers at the large Avenue. Eid-al Fitr marks the beginning of Shawwal 17- _____ the end of Ramadan.

F. Match each of the following statements with the appropriate notion from the list. (2 marks)

Purpose	Comparison	Reason	Consequence	Possibility
Statements				
18. Differences can be found in the way every country celebrates Eid				
19. It's one of the busiest times of the year				
20. Muslims will wear new clothes because it is a special occasion				
21. Homes are decorated elaborately in order to welcome the occasion				
Notions				

G. Abdou and Malick met in the street at the end of the Ramadan. Here is a short extract of their conversation. Complete it meaningfully. (2 marks)

Abdou : Hi, Brother

Malick : Eid Mubarak. I hope you have celebrated Korité today,22 _____ you ?

Abdou : No, I haven't. I'm still 23 _____ (**fast/ fasted/ fasting**)

Malick : How come ? The moon was sighted last night in several countries such as Mali, Saudi Arabia, and France etc.

Abdou : I can't rely on those countries to celebrate Korité. I'm in Senegal and the moon 24 _____ (**was / is / been**) not visible last night. It's a pity we cannot celebrate the same day.

Malick : You're right. I think it's high time the Muslim community of Senegal 25 _____ (**find/ finding/ found**) a sustainable solution to this problem.

Abdou : I do agree with you.

III. WRITING Choose one topic and write about 150 words 6 marks

TOPIC 1 : An American tourist is asking you questions about the way Korité is celebrated in your town or village. Write down your conversation.

TOPIC 2 : In Senegal there is often a double celebration of Korité or Tabaski. Give the causes of this problem and propose solutions to change this situation.